|  |  |  | INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR <br> Class X, Mathematics <br> Worksheet- Arithmetic Progressions 01-11-2023 |  |  |  |  |  |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Questions of 1 Mark each. (MCQ's) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | If $\mathrm{p}-1, \mathrm{p}+1$ and $2 \mathrm{p}+3$ are in AP, then the value of p is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | -2 | B | 4 | C | 0 | D | 2 |
| 2. | The next term of the AP: $\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{24}, \sqrt{54}$ is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $\sqrt{60}$ | B | $\sqrt{96}$ | C | $\sqrt{72}$ | D | $\sqrt{216}$ |
| 3. | The number of terms in the AP $18,15 \frac{1}{2}, 13, \ldots \ldots \ldots,-47$ is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 25 | B | 26 | C | 27 | D | 28 |
| 4. | If $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ forms an AP with common difference d , then the value of $\mathrm{a}-2 \mathrm{~b}-\mathrm{c}$ is equal to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $2 \mathrm{a}+4 \mathrm{~d}$ | B | 0 | C | $-2 a-4 d$ | D | $-2 a-3 d$ |
| 5. | The 11th term from the end of the A.P. : $10,7,4, \ldots . . .,-62$ is : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 25 | B | 16 | C | -32 | D | 0 |
| 6. | The sum of first 100 natural numbers is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 1010 | B | 5050 | C | 5010 | D | 1050 |
| 7. | If the sum of first $n$ terms of an AP be $3 n^{2}+n$ and its common difference is 6 , then its first term is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 2 | B | 3 | C | 1 | D | 4 |
| 8. | Find the sum of the first 20 terms of the AP: $\frac{2}{3}, 0, \frac{-2}{3}, \frac{-4}{3}, \ldots .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $\frac{17}{3}$ | B | $\frac{-340}{3}$ | C | -120 | D | $\frac{-17}{3}$ |
| 9. | The first term of an A.P. is 5 and the last term is 45 . If the sum of all the terms is 400 , the number of terms is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 20 | B | 8 | C | 10 | D | 16 |


| 10. | The 9th term of the A.P. $-15,-11,-7, \ldots, 49$ is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | 32 | B | 0 | C | 17 | D | 13 |
| 11. | In an AP if $a=-7.2, d=3.6, a_{n}=7.2$, then $n$ is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 1 | B | 3 | C | 4 | D | 5 |
| 12. | Two APs have the same common difference. The first term of one of these is -1 and that of the other is -8 . Then the difference between their 4th terms is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | -1 | B | -8 | C | 7 | D | -9 |
| 13. | In an AP if $a=1, a_{n}=20$ and $S_{n}=399$, then $n$ is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 19 | B | 21 | C | 38 | D | 42 |
| 14. | The value of p for which $(2 p+1), 10$ and $(5 p+5)$ are three consecutive terms of an AP is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | -1 | B | -2 | C | 1 | D | 2 |
| 15. | The nth term of the A.P. a, $3 \mathrm{a}, 5 \mathrm{a}, \ldots \ldots$ is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | na | B | $(2 \mathrm{n}-1) \mathrm{a}$ | C | $(2 \mathrm{n}+1) \mathrm{a}$ | D | 2na |
|  | DIRECTION: In the following questions, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct option |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A) <br> (b) Both assertion $(A)$ and reason $(R)$ are true and reason $(R)$ is not the correct explanation of assertion <br> (A) <br> (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. <br> (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason ( R ) is true. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | Assertion(A): Common difference of the AP -5, -1, 3, 7, $\qquad$ is 4 . <br> Reason(R): Common difference of the AP $a, a+d, a+2 d, \ldots$ is given by $d=2^{\text {nd }}$ term-1 $1^{\text {st }}$ term. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 17. | Assertion(A): $a, b, c$ are in A.P. if and only if $2 b=a+c$. <br> Reason( R ): The sum of first n odd natural numbers is $\mathrm{n}^{2}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18. | Assertion(A):Let the positive numbers $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ are in AP. Then $\frac{1}{b c}, \frac{1}{a c}, \frac{1}{b a}$ are also in AP. <br> Reason $(\mathrm{R})$ : If each term of an AP is divided by abc, then the resulting sequence is also in AP. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Assertion(A): Common difference of an AP in which $a_{27}-a_{7}=84$ is 14 . Reason(R): nth term of an AP is given by $a_{n}=\mathrm{a}+(\mathrm{n}-1) \mathrm{d}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Assertion(A): Sum of first hundred even natural numbers divisible by 5 is 500 . <br> Reason(R): Sun of the first n terms of an AP is given by $S_{n}=\frac{n}{2}(a+l)$, where $l$ is the last term. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Answers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mu \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & e \\ & E \end{aligned}$ | 1 | C | 2 | B | 3 | C | 4 | C |
|  | 5 | C | 6 | B | 7 | D | 8 | B |
|  | 9 | D | 10 | C | 11 | D | 12 | C |
|  | 13 | C | 14 | D | 15 | B | 16 | a |
|  | 17 | b | 18 | a | 19 | d | 20 | d |

