Department of Mathematics			INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR Class X, Mathematics Worksheet- Arithmetic Progressions 01 - 11 - 2023							
Q. No.	Questions of 1 Mark each. (MCQ's) If $p - 1$, $p + 1$ and $2p + 3$ are in AP, then the value of p is:									
1.										
	Α	-2	В	4	С	0	D	2		
2. The next term of the AP: $\sqrt{6}$, $\sqrt{24}$, $\sqrt{54}$ is:										
	Α	$\sqrt{60}$	В	$\sqrt{96}$	С	$\sqrt{72}$	D	$\sqrt{216}$		
3.	The numb	er of terms in the	:							
	Α	25	В	26	С	27	D	28		
4.	4. If a, b, c forms an AP with common difference d, then the value of $a - 2b - c$ is equal to:									
	Α	2a + 4d	В	0	С	-2a – 4d	D	-2a - 3d		
5.	The 11th term from the end of the A.P. : 10, 7, 4,,-62 is :									
	Α	25	В	16	С	-32	D	0		
6.	The sum o	of first 100 natura	l numbe	ibers is:						
	A	1010	В	5050	С	5010	D	1050		
7.	If the sum of first n terms of an AP be $3n^2 + n$ and its common difference is 6, then its first term is:									
	Α	2	В	3	С	1	D	4		
8.	Find the sum of the first 20 terms of the AP: $\frac{2}{3}$, 0 , $\frac{-2}{3}$, $\frac{-4}{3}$,									
	Α	$\frac{17}{3}$	В	$\frac{-340}{3}$	C	-120	D	$\frac{-17}{3}$		
9.	The first term of an A.P. is 5 and the last term is 45. If the sum of all the terms is 400, the number of terms is:									
	A	20	В	8	С	10	D	16		

10.	The 9th term of the A.P. – 15, –11, –7,, 49 is:									
	Α	32	В	0	С	17	D	13		
11.	In an AP if $a = -7.2$, $d = 3.6$, $a_n = 7.2$, then <i>n</i> is:									
	Α	1	В	3	С	4	D	5		
12.	Two APs have the same common difference. The first term of one of these is -1 and that of the other is -8 . Then the difference between their 4th terms is:									
	Α	-1	В	-8	С	7	D	-9		
13.	In an AP if $a = 1$, $a_n = 20$ and $S_n = 399$, then <i>n</i> is:									
	Α	19	В	21	С	38	D	42		
14.	The value of p for which $(2p + 1)$, 10 and $(5p + 5)$ are three consecutive terms of an AP is:									
	Α	-1	B	-2	С	1	D	2		
15.	The nth term of the A.P. a, 3a, 5a, is:									
	Α	na	В	(2n – 1)a	С	(2n + 1) a	D	2na		
	DIRECTION: In the following questions, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct option (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A) (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) (A)									
	. ,	tion (A) is true but	reason	(R) is false.						
	(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.									
16.		n(A): Common diff								
	Reason(R): Common difference of the AP a, $a + d$, $a+2d$, is given by $d = 2^{nd}$ term-1 st term.									

17	17. Assertion(A): a, b, c are in A.P. if and only if $2b = a + c$. Reason(R): The sum of first n odd natural numbers is n^2 .									
17.										
18.	Assertion(A):Let the positive numbers a, b, c are in AP. Then $\frac{1}{bc}$, $\frac{1}{ac}$, $\frac{1}{ba}$ are also in AP.									
	Reason(R): If each term of an AP is divided by abc, then the resulting sequence is also in AP.									
19.	Assertion(A): Common difference of an AP in which $a_{27} - a_7 = 84$ is 14.									
	Reason(R): nth term of an AP is given by $a_n = a + (n - 1)d$									
20.	Assertion(A): Sum of first hundred even natural numbers divisible by 5 is 500.									
	Reason(R): Sun of the first n terms of an AP is given by $S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a + l)$, where <i>l</i> is the last term.									
	Answers									
	1	С	2	В	3	С	4	С		
Answers	5	С	6	В	7	D	8	В		
Ans	9	D	10	С	11	D	12	С		
	13	С	14	D	15	В	16	a		
	17	b	18	a	19	d	20	d		